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Thermally Assisted Vapour Introduction Atmospheric Pressure Photoionization MS/MS (TAVI APPI MS/MS)



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Outline

Context of research

Atmospheric Pressure Photo Ionization (APPI)

Apparatus

Results

Future work



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Big Picture

Rapid analysis, no clean up, no separation



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Specific Analytical Challenge

Synthetic, specifically inorganic, chemists needed quick confirmation of synthesis

Some compounds insoluble usual solvents

Noticed target compounds had aromaticity



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MS been widely used

EI GC volatile high energy electrons result in fragmentation

ESI only for ions in solution

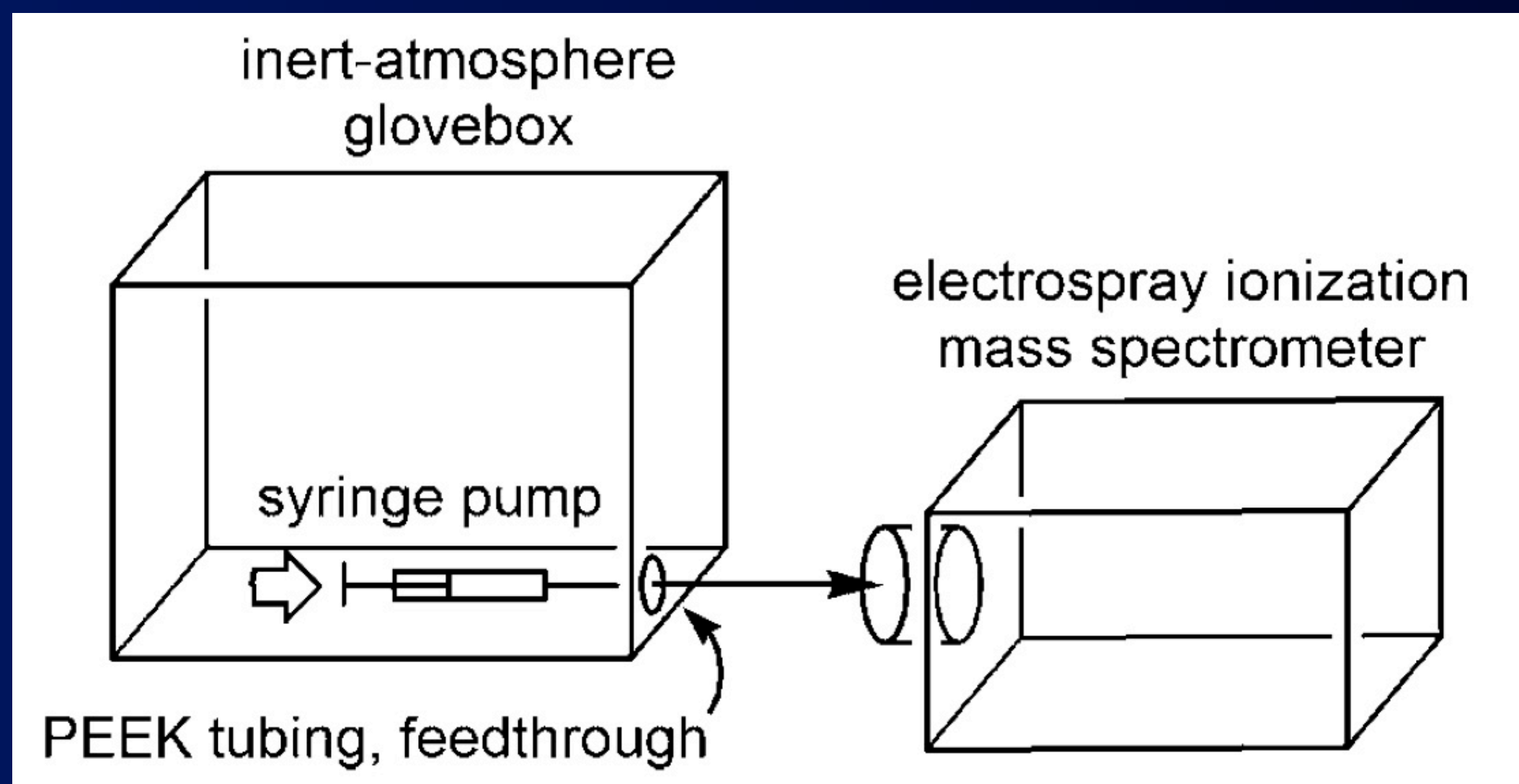
APCI competitive gas phase reactions with matrix effects, requiring separation

MALDI low sensitivity, high background

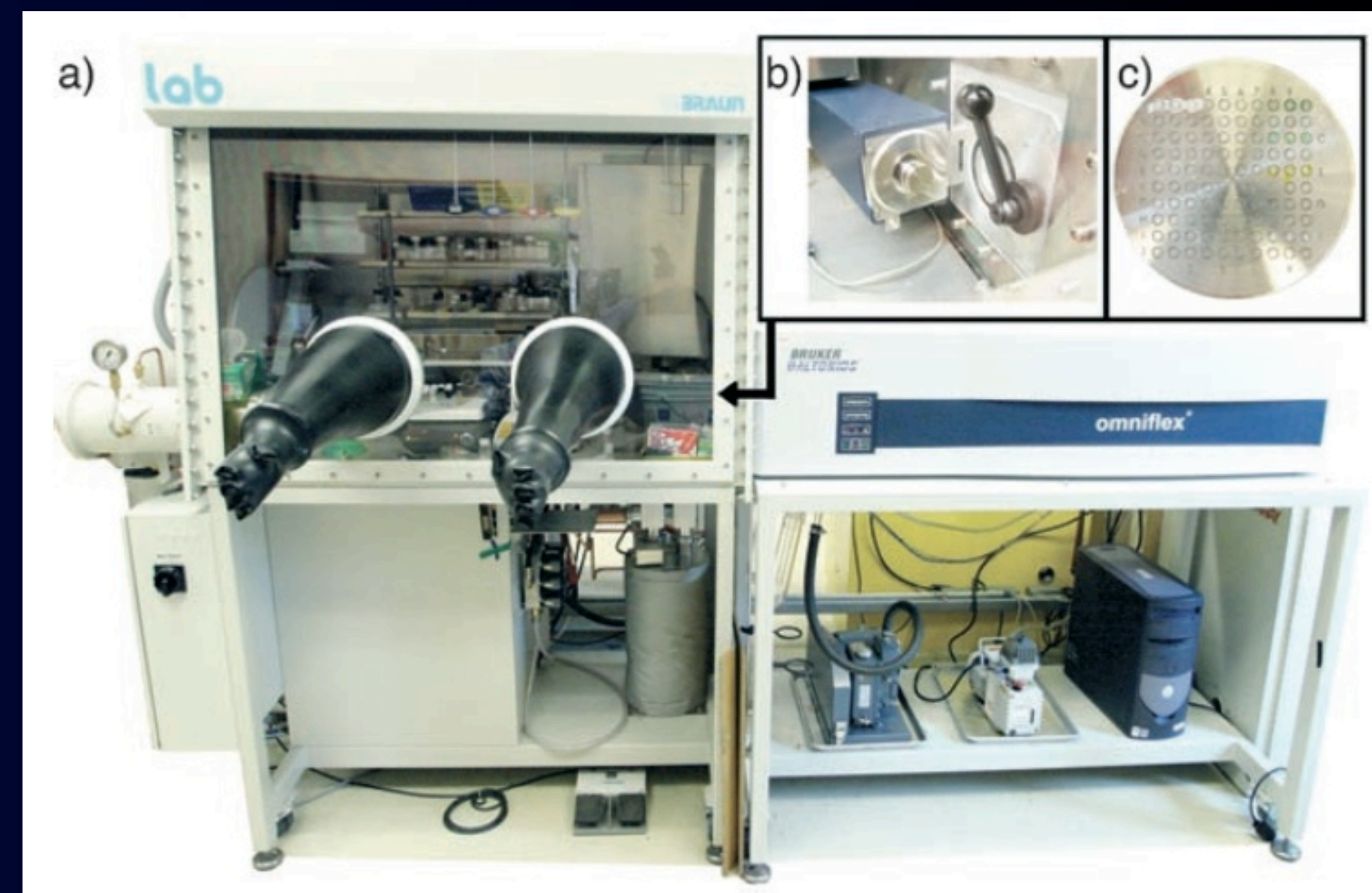
LDI competitive gas phase reactions

Inorganic uses of MS

Some recently reported apparatus



Samples Dissolved in DCM
ESI MS McIndoe (U. Vic)



MALDI- TOF
Fogg (U of O.)

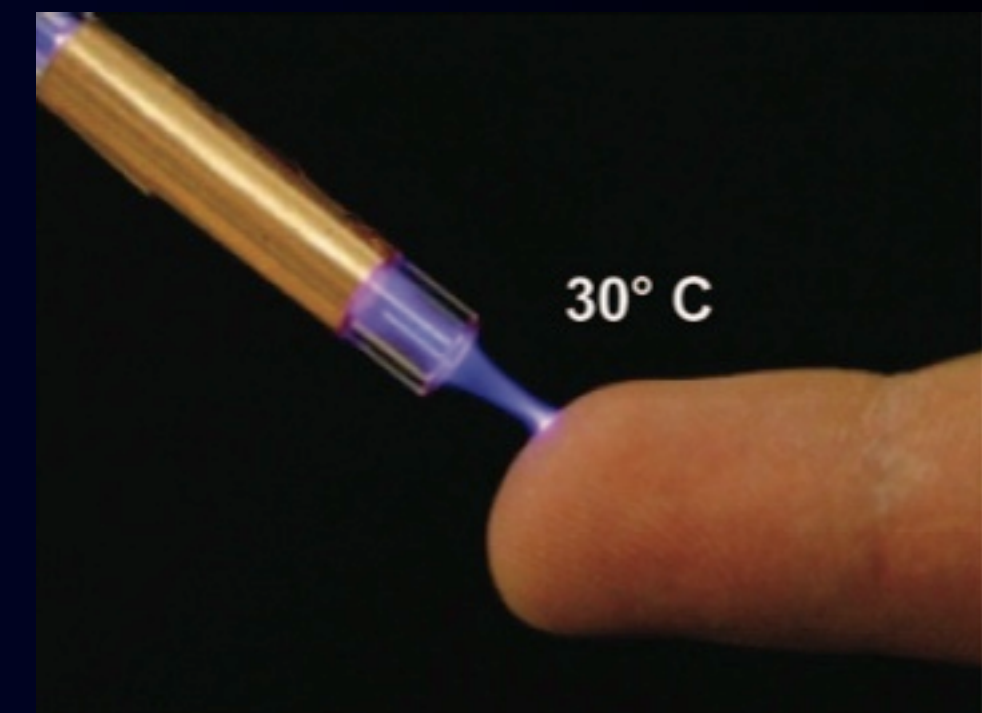
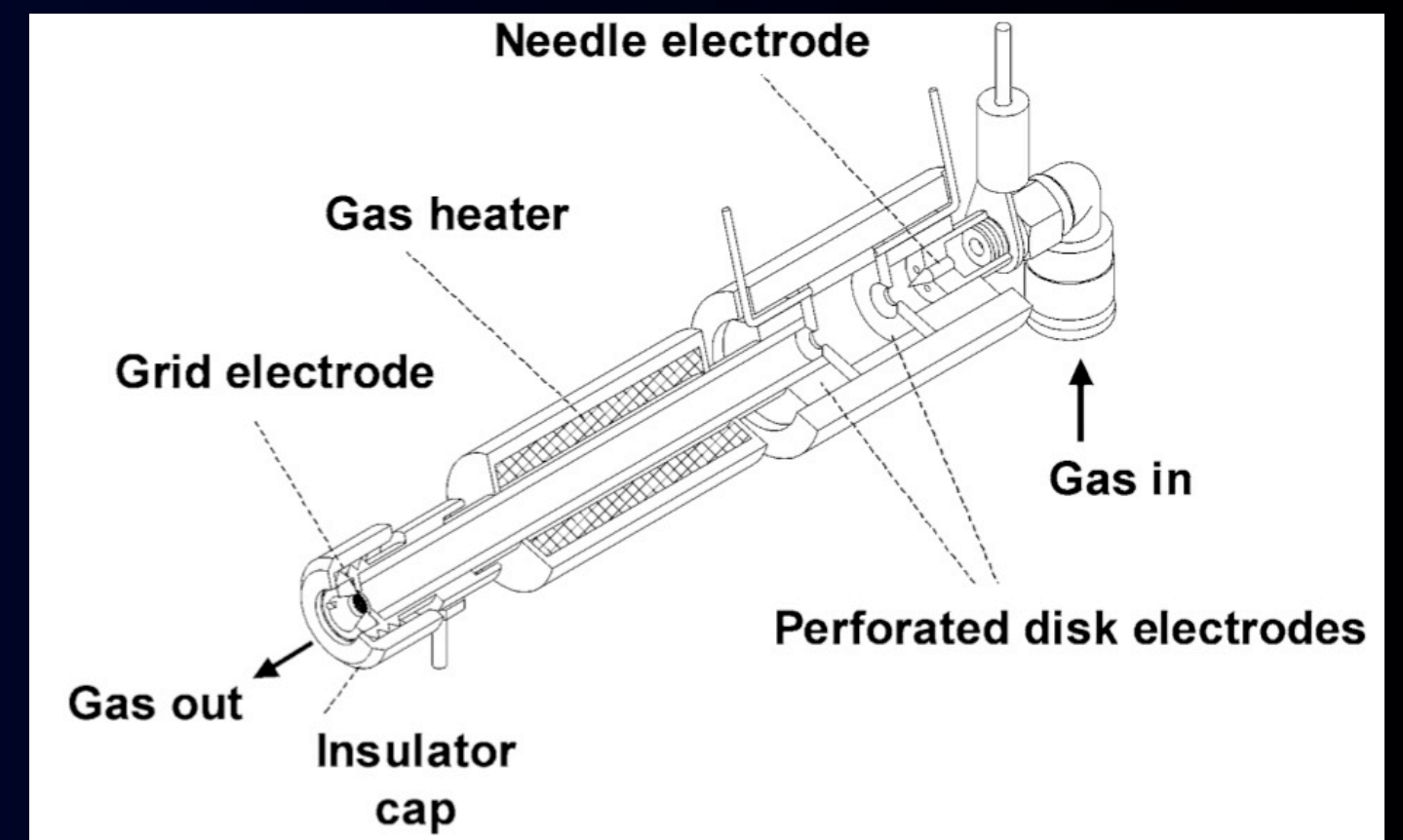
Direct Introduction Methods

DART - Direct Analysis in Real Time
Electrical discharge in He

LTP - Low Temperature Discharge
Dielectric barrier discharge in air

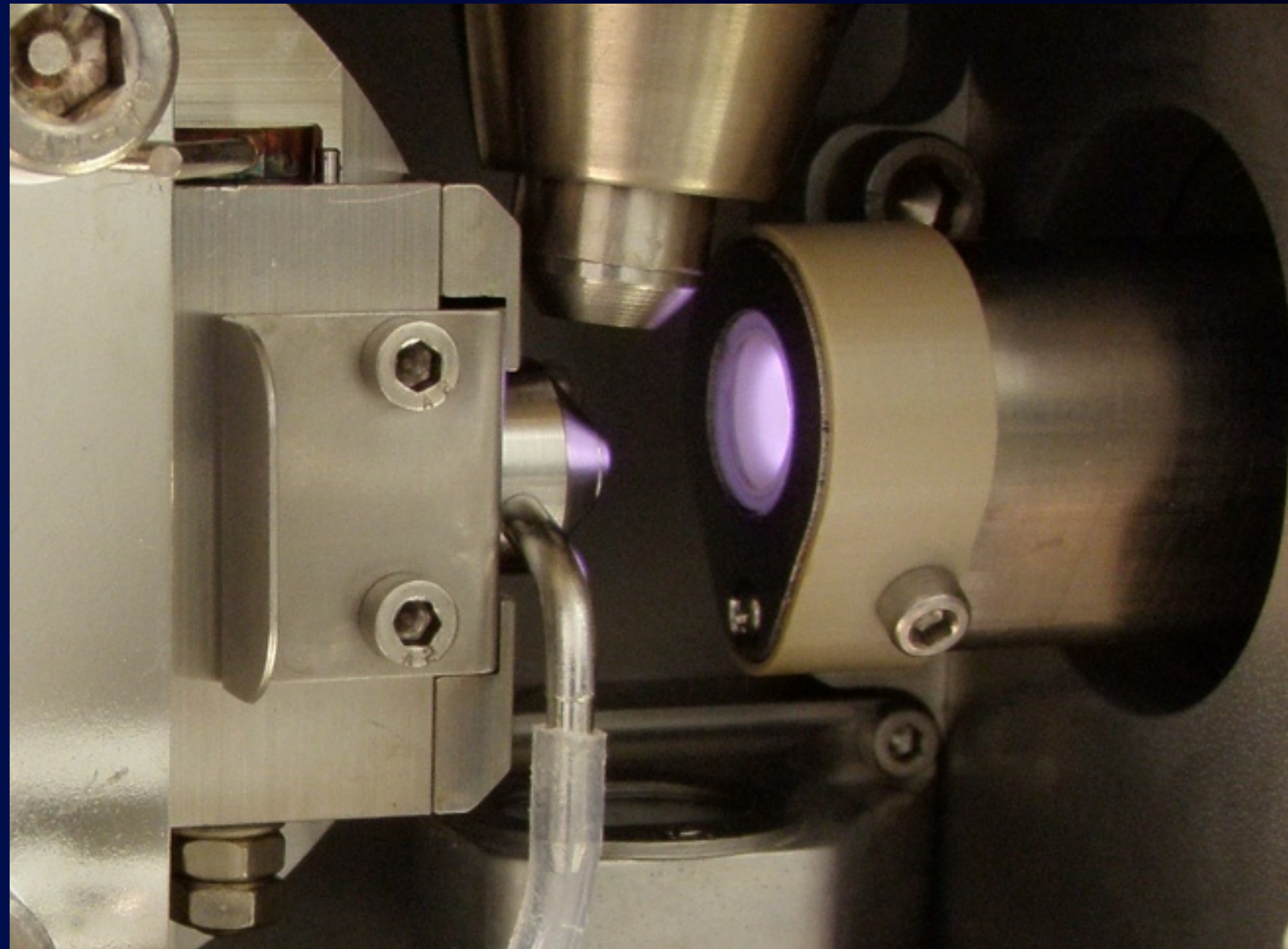
GD - Glow discharge
Electrical discharge in He

all have poorly defined mechanisms



Atmospheric Pressure Photo ionization

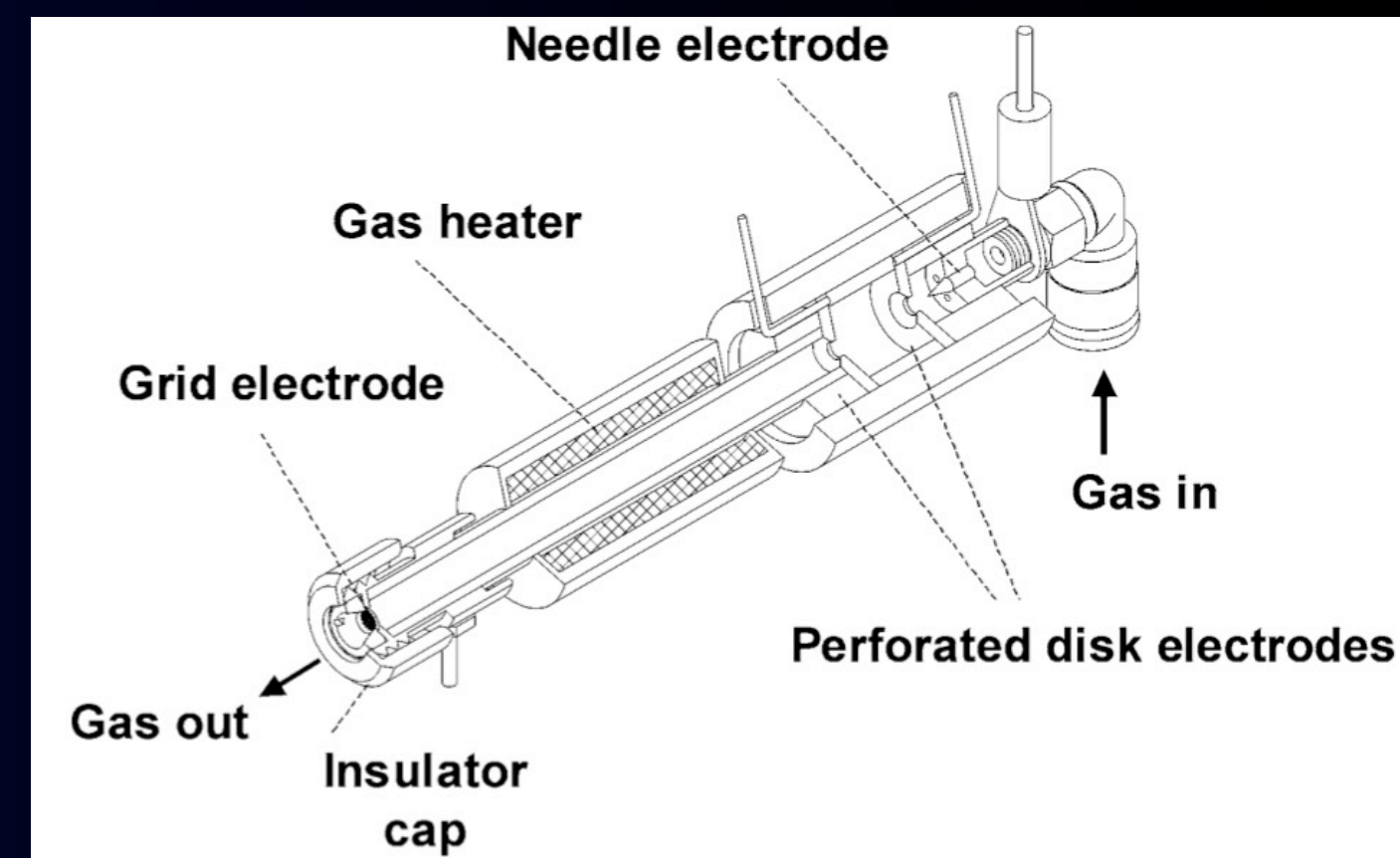
APPI - electrical discharge in Krypton



Atmospheric Pressure Photo ionization

APPI - electrical discharge in Krypton

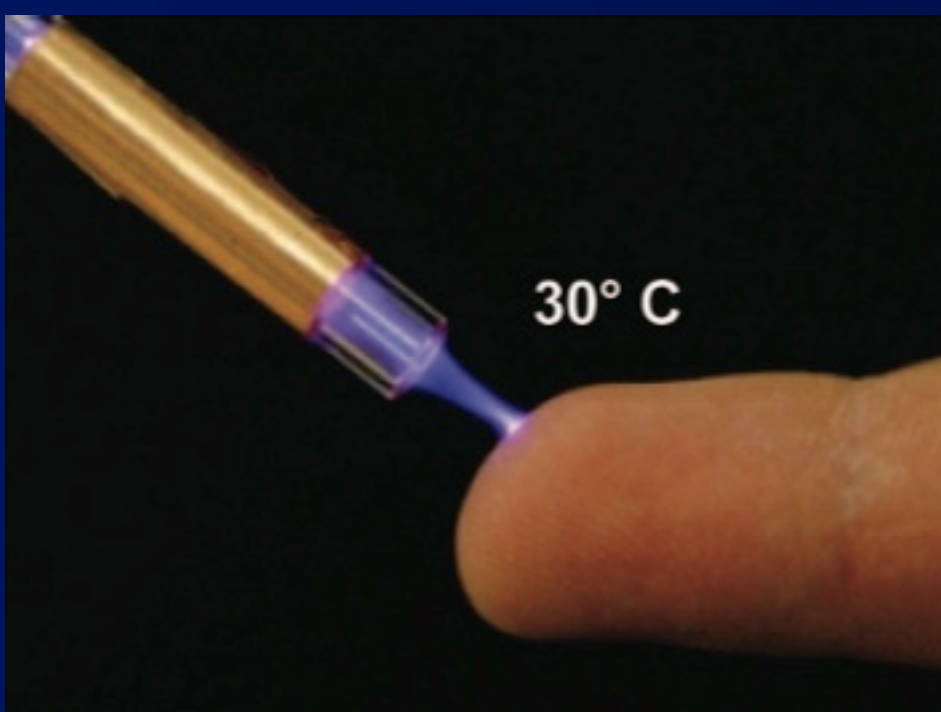
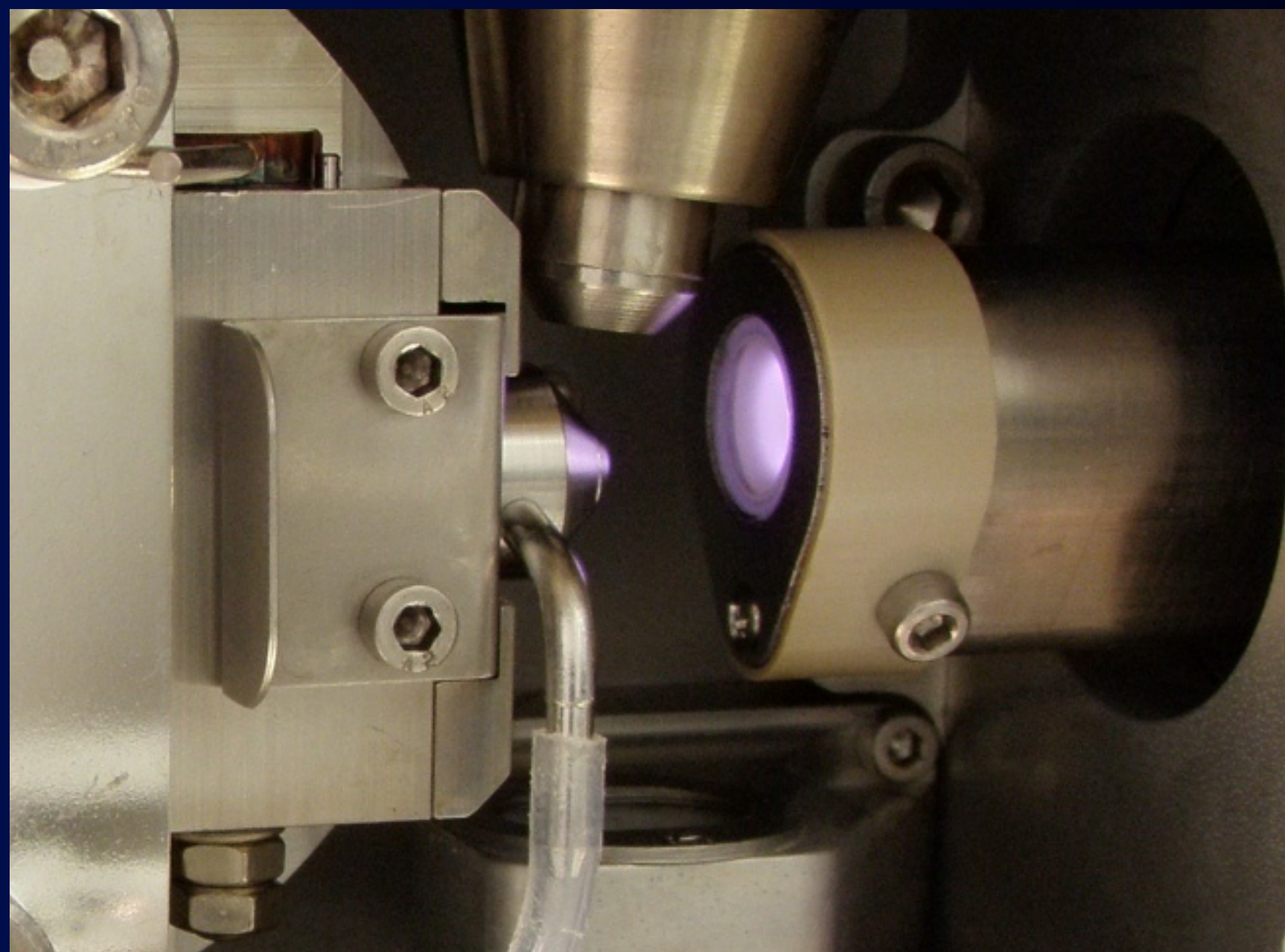
APPI has a LiF window, DART, LTD, GD's don't



DART



GD



LTD



APPI mechanisms

Primary APPI



photoionization (+) tive

Secondary APPI (PICI)



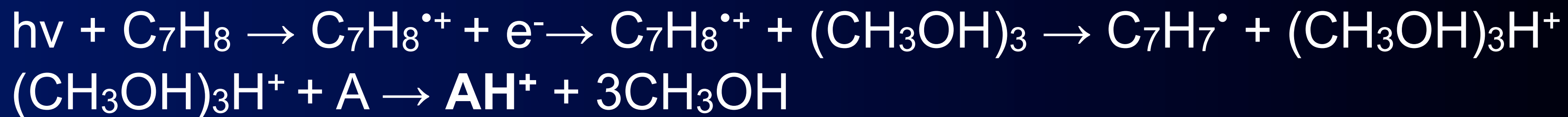
dopant assisted (+) tive



dopant assisted (-) tive



photo induced e^- capture (-) tive





Atmospheric Pressure Photo Ionization

Ions formed cold (excess energy in the departing electron)
stable molecular ion

True ionization technique (ESI ion atomization)

Not as matrix dependent (APCI)

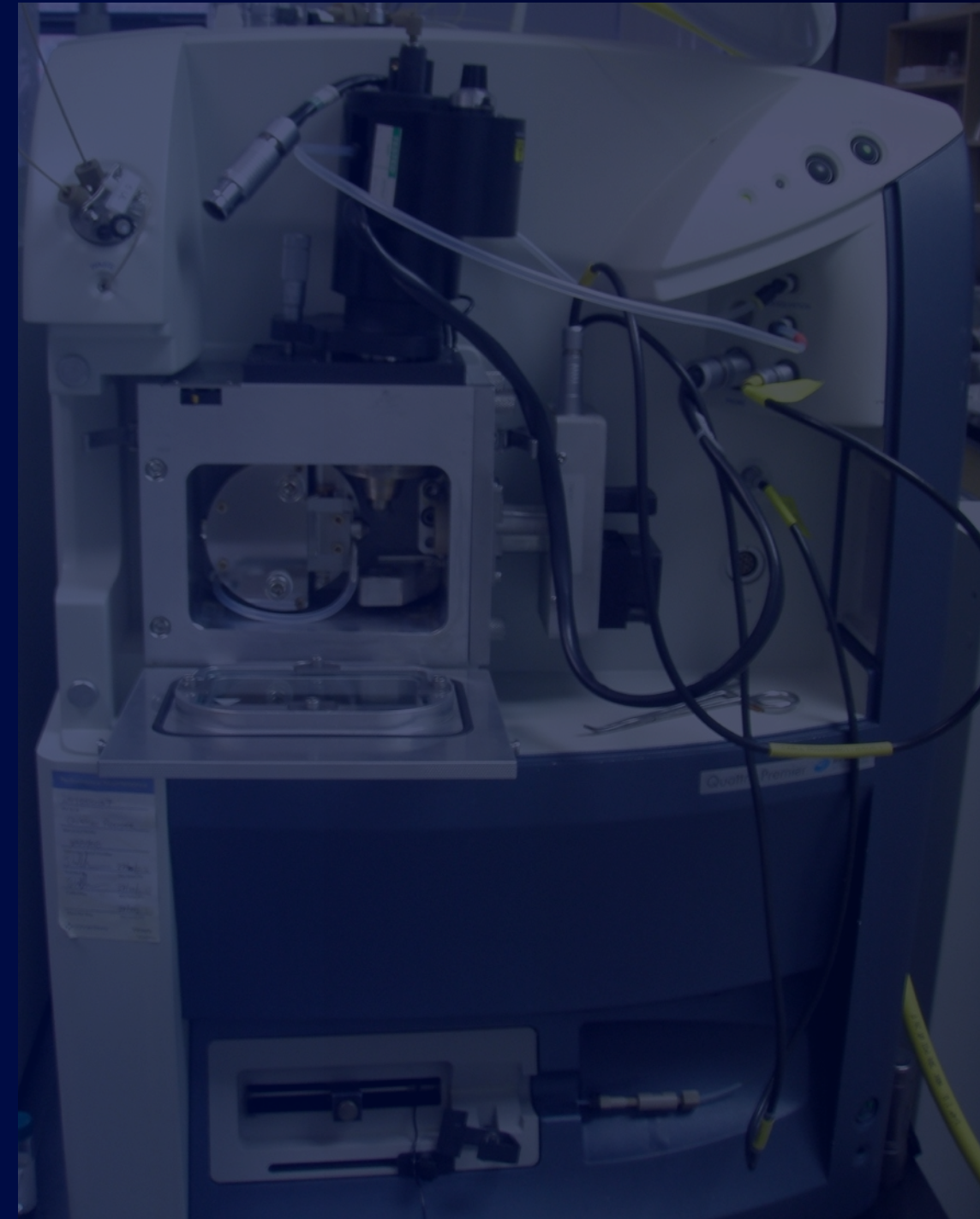
Photo Induced Chemical Ionization (PICI) radicals underestimated

With solvent: $M+H^+$

without Solvents mostly M^+

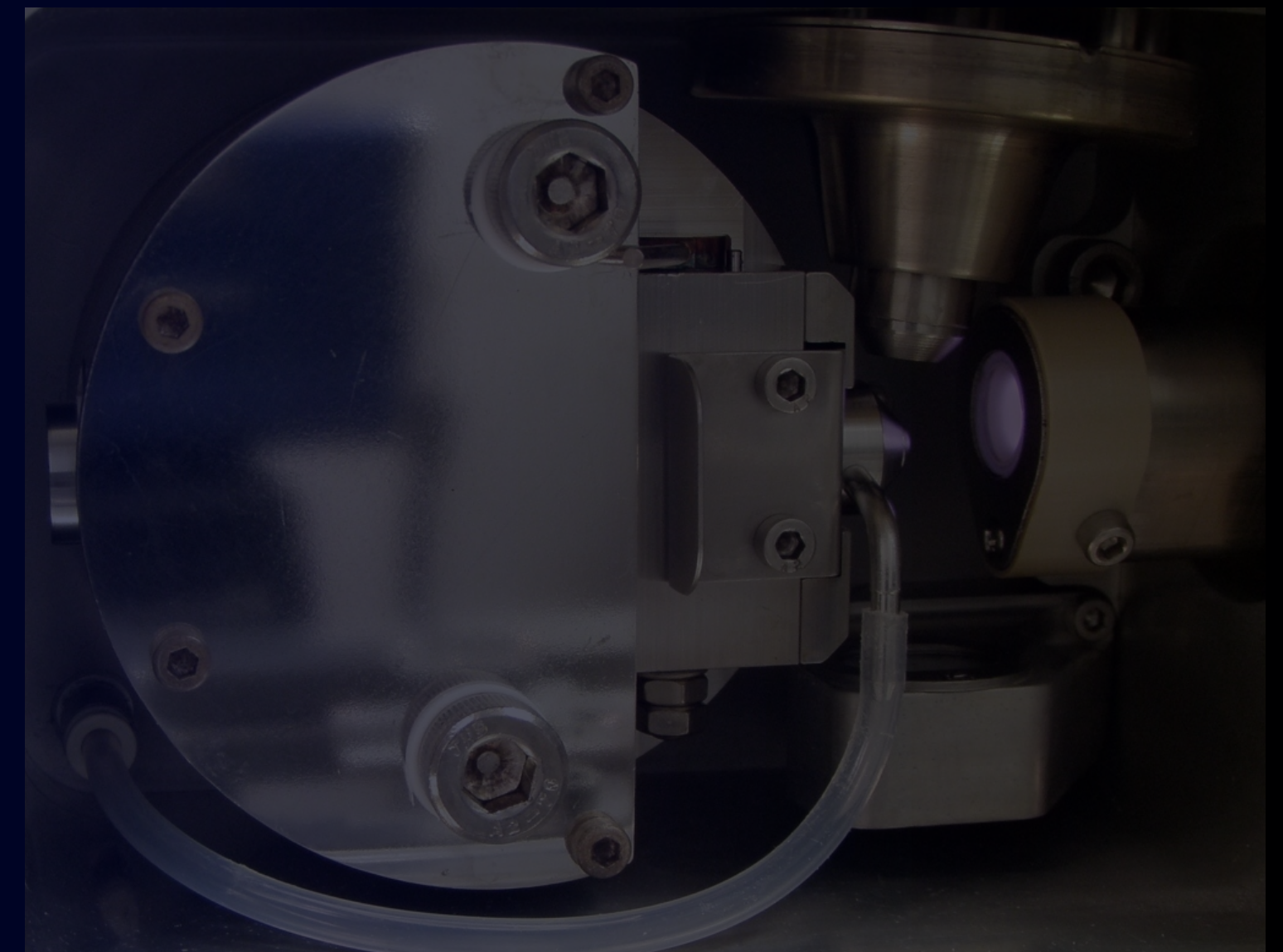


Waters MS/MS



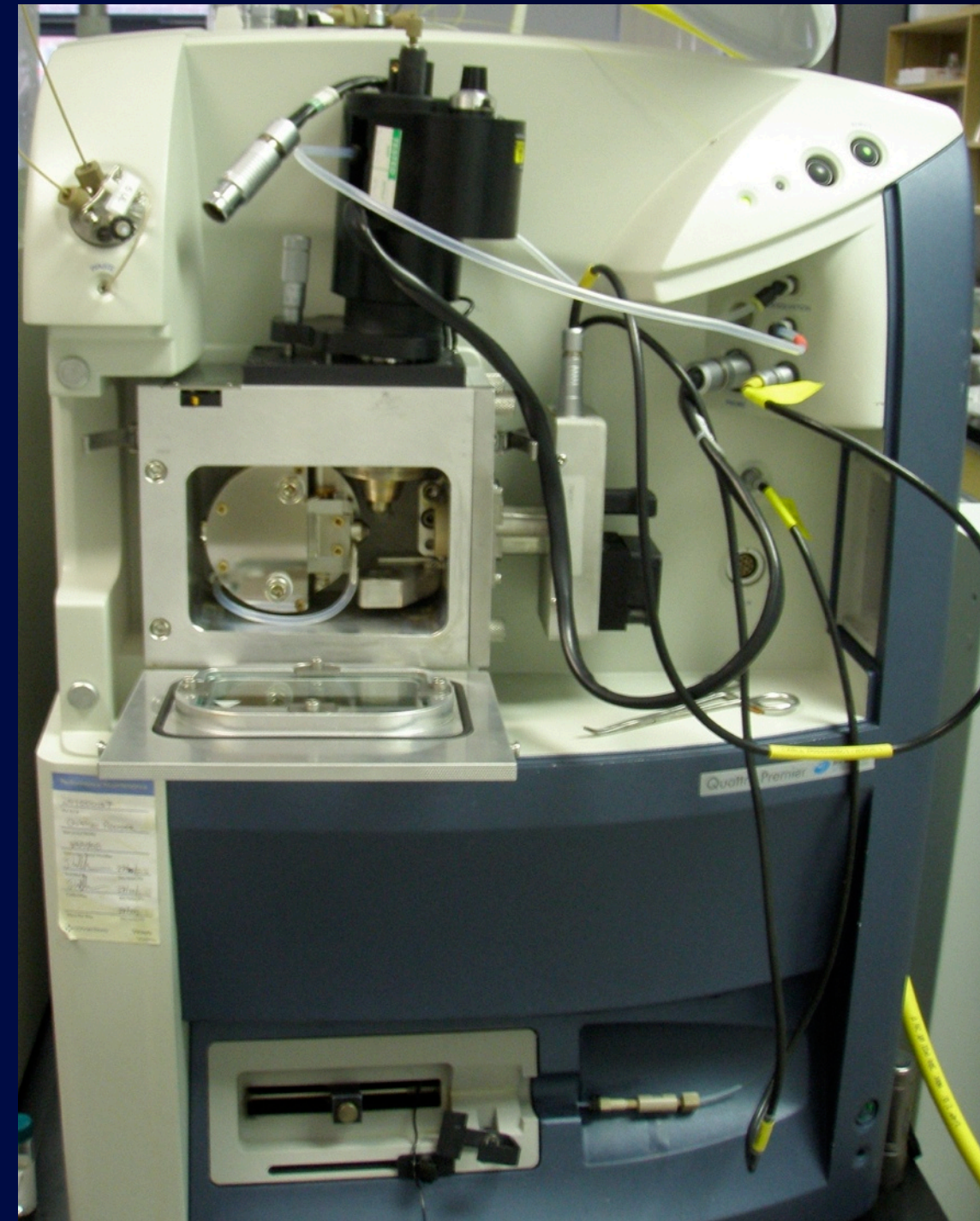
Waters MS/MS
naked

ionization chamber



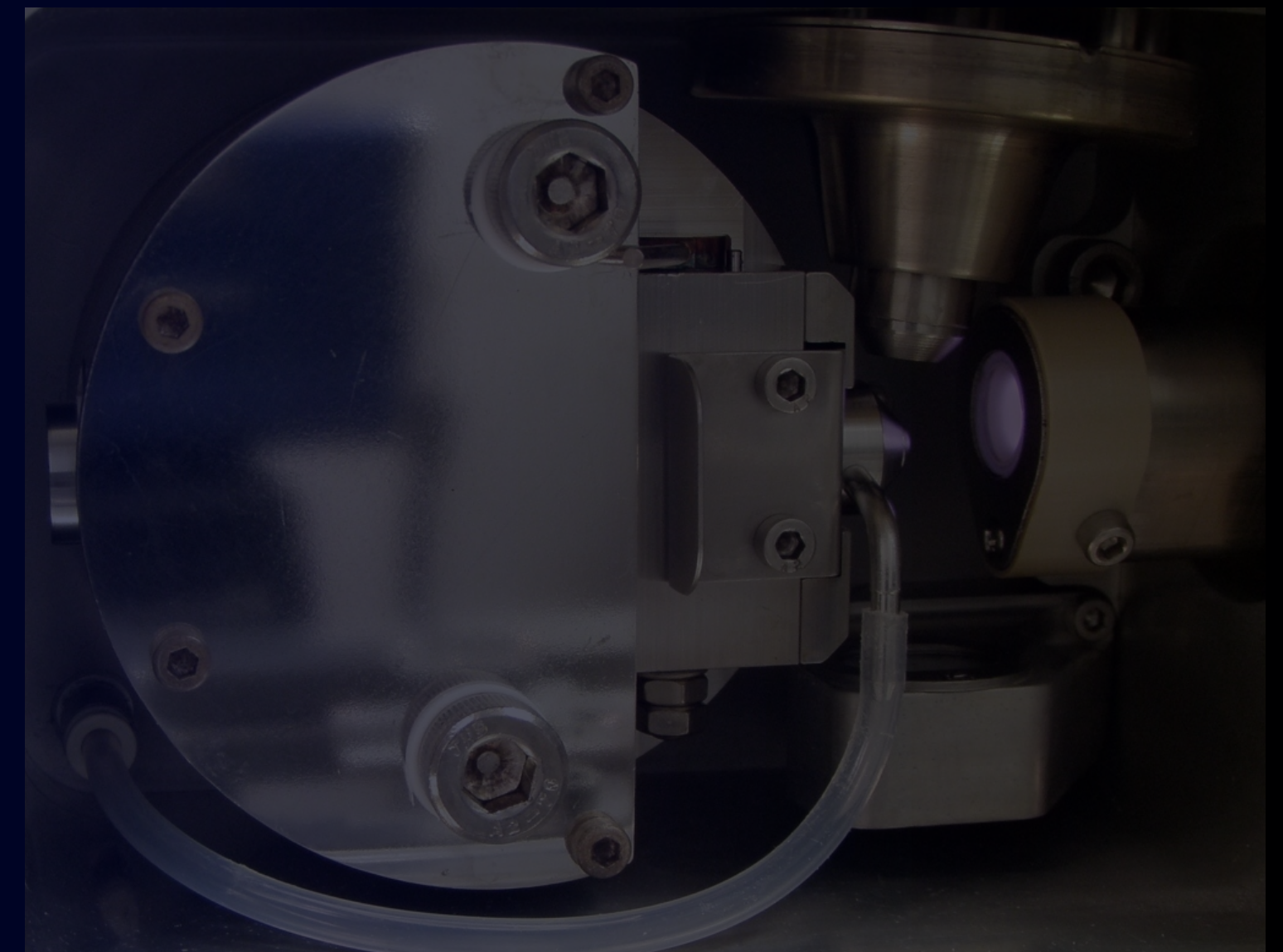


Waters MS/MS



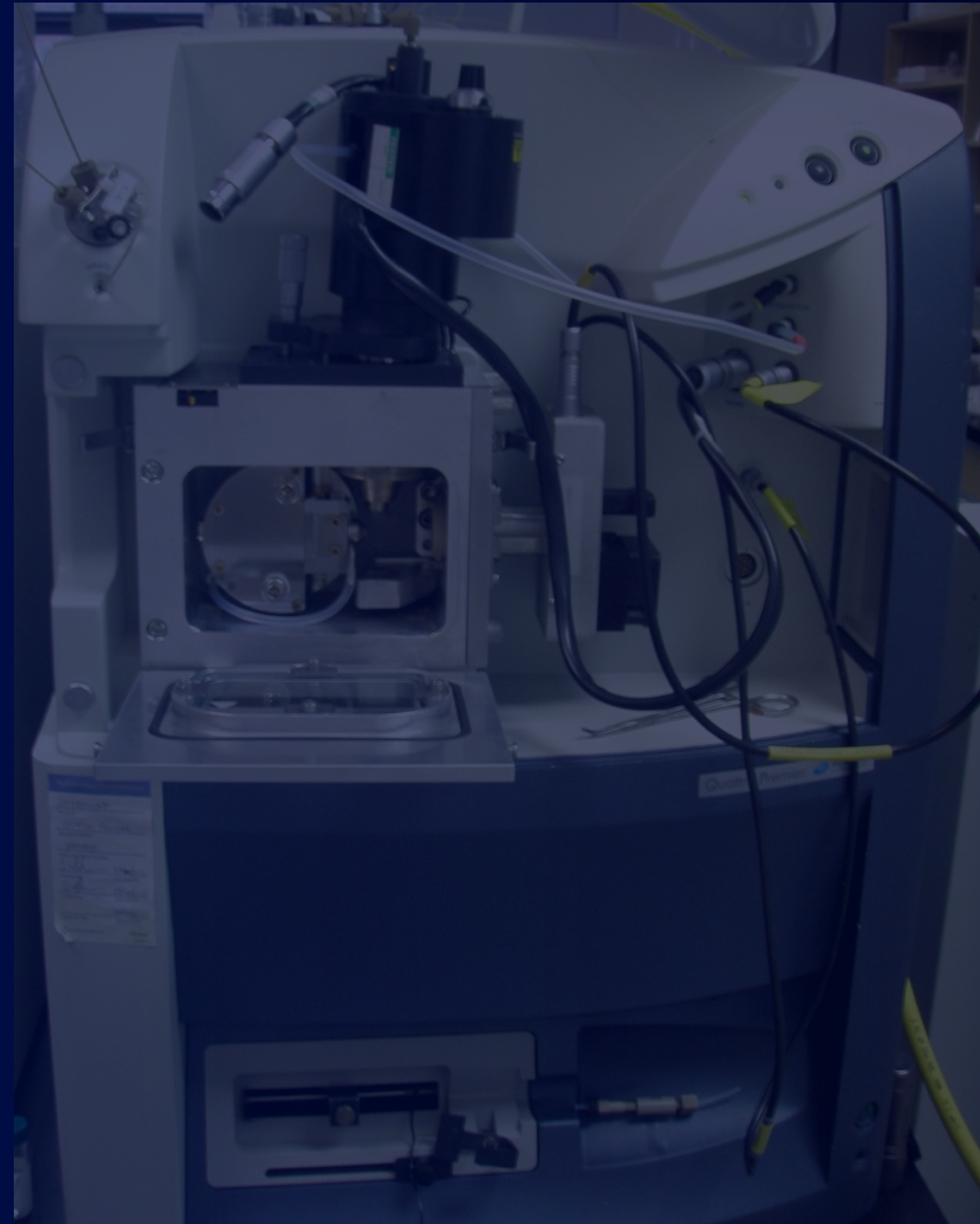
Waters MS/MS
naked

ionization chamber



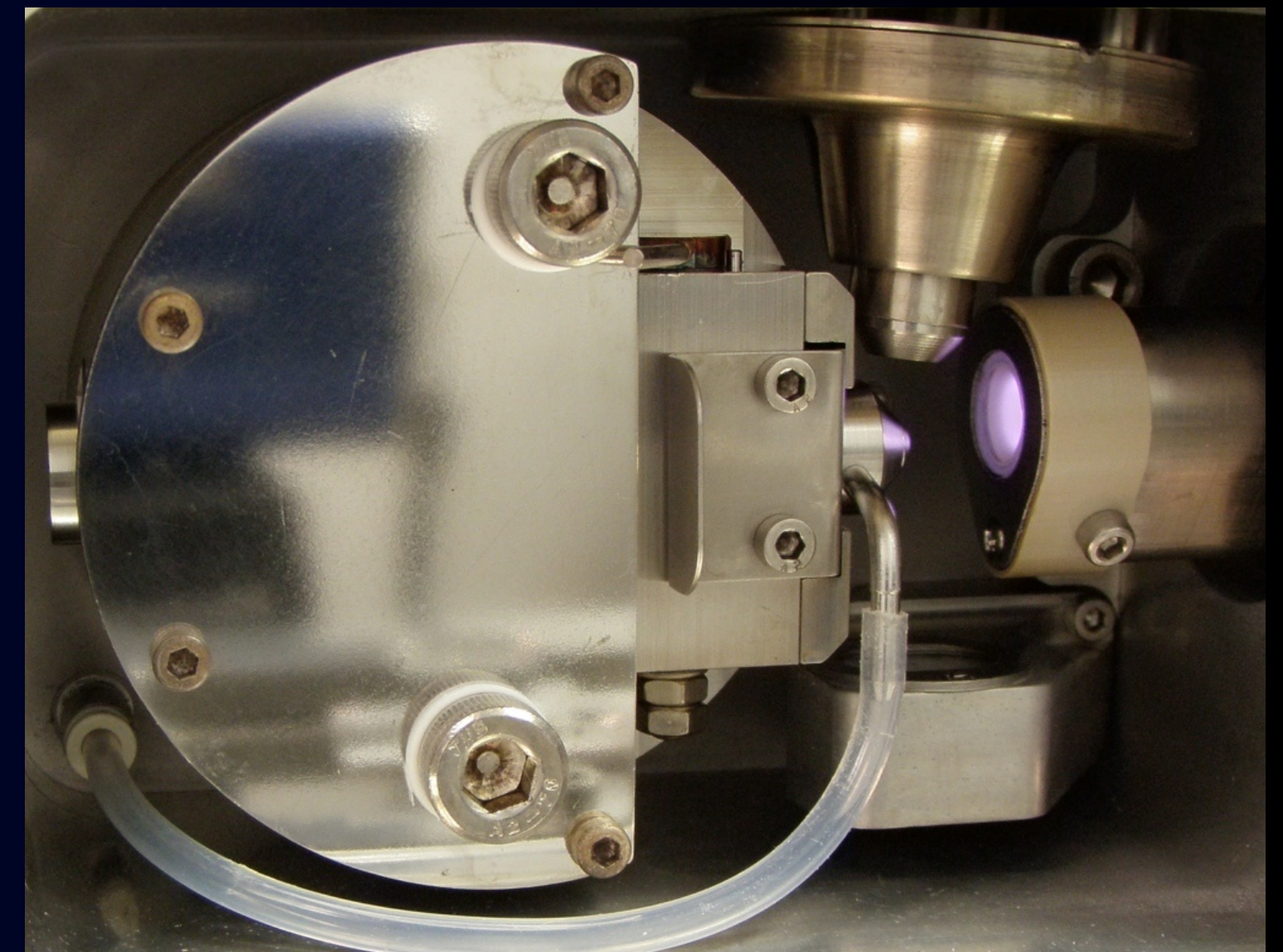


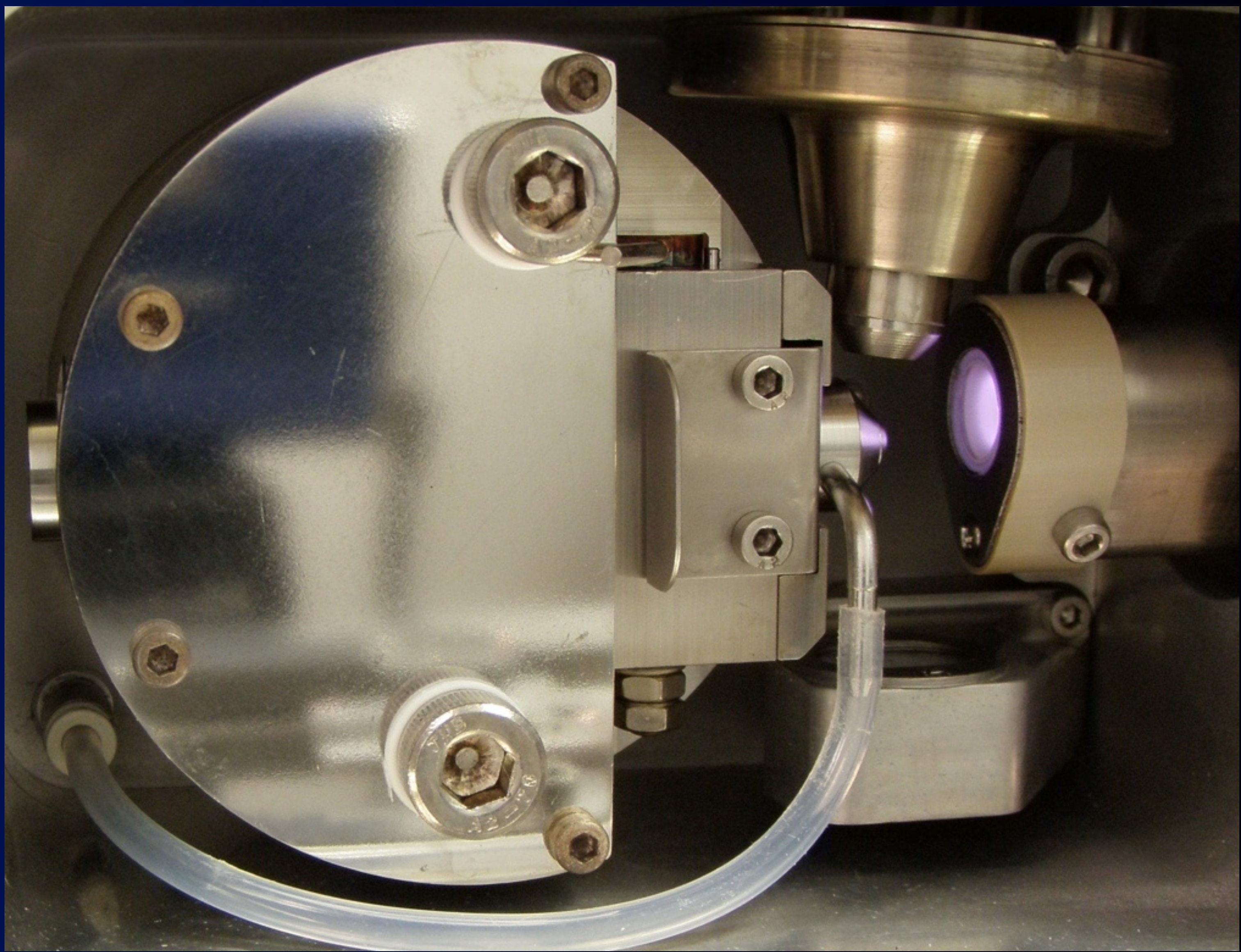
Waters MS/MS



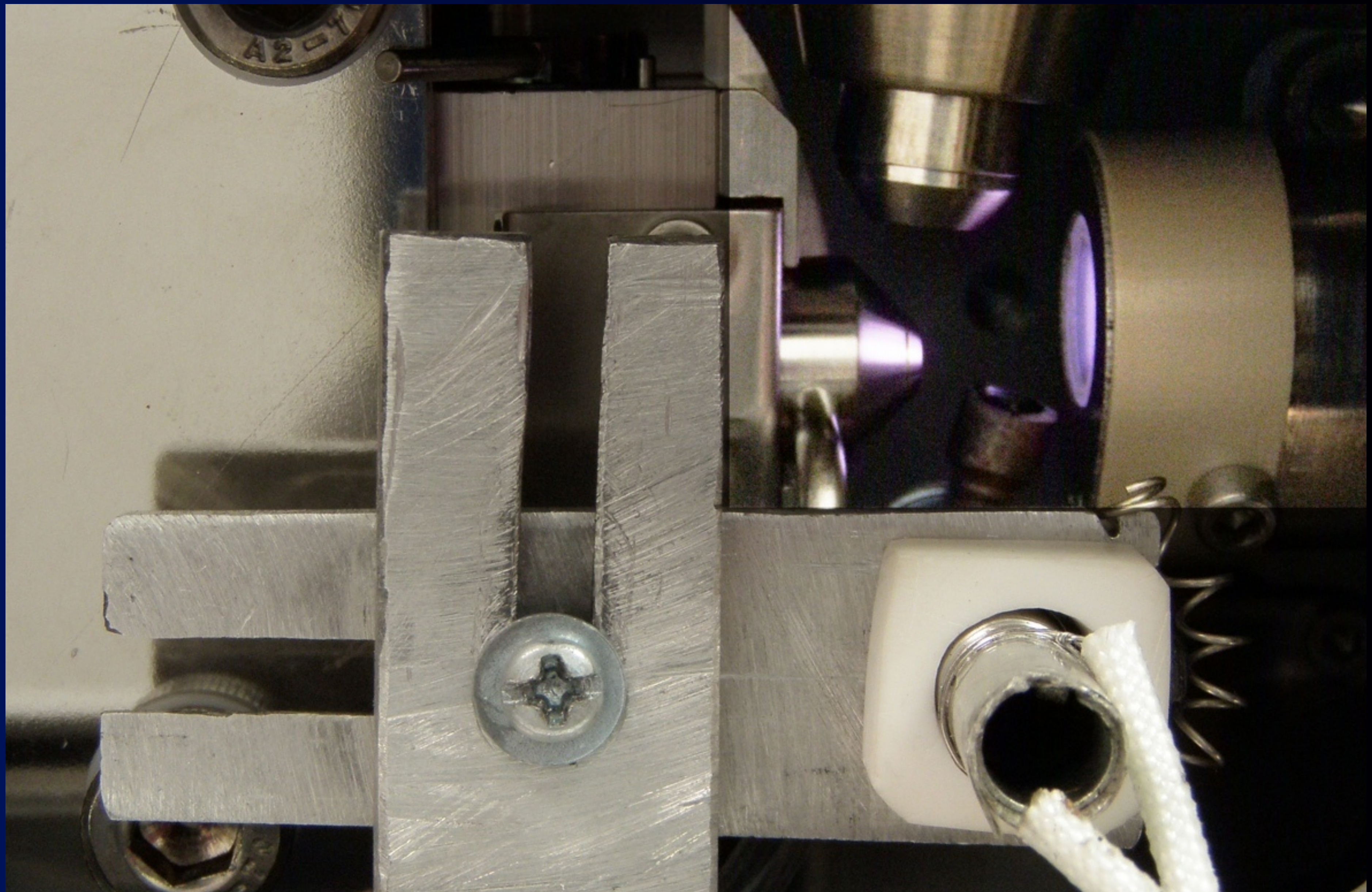
Waters MS/MS
naked

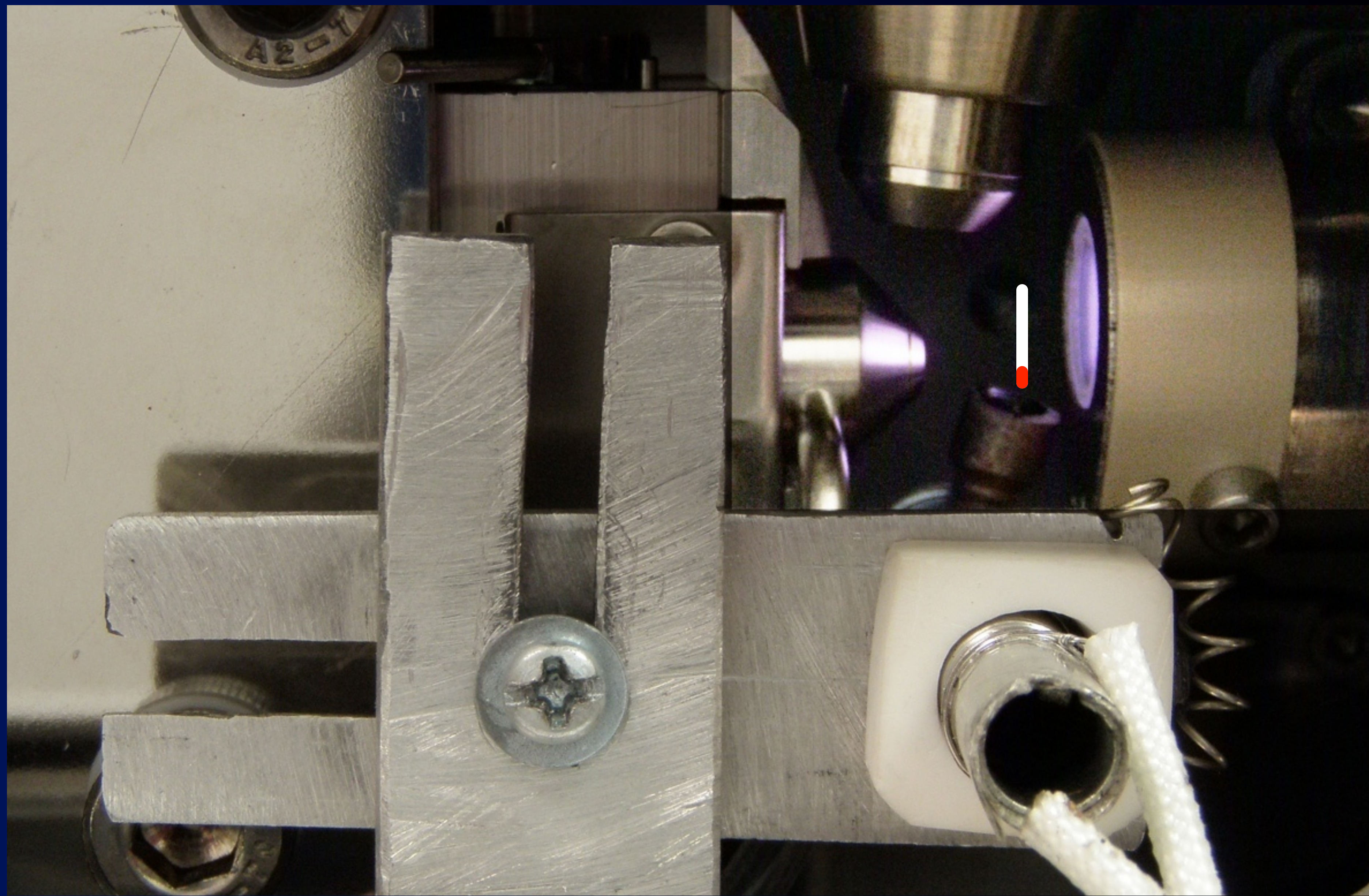
ionization chamber

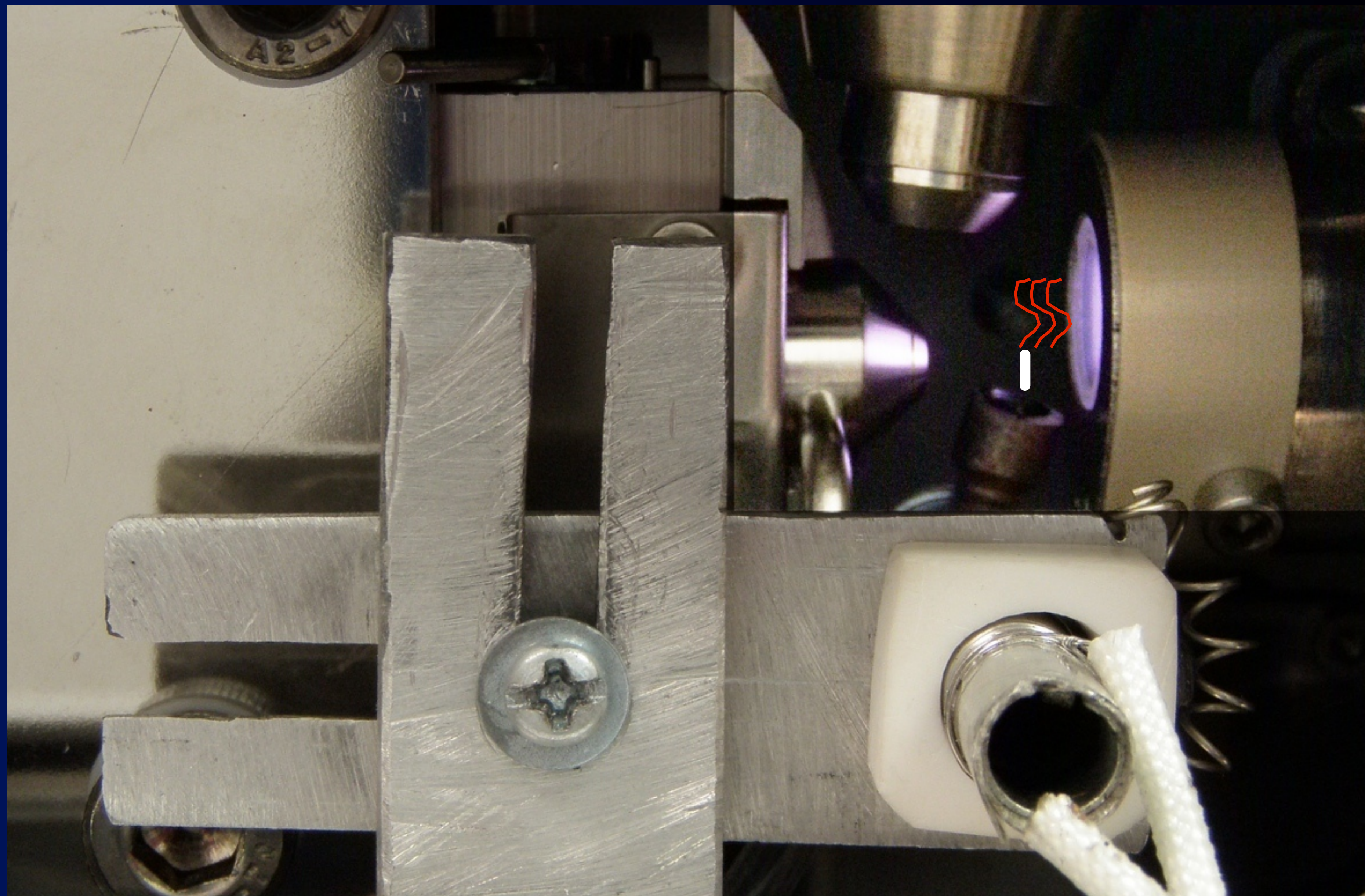


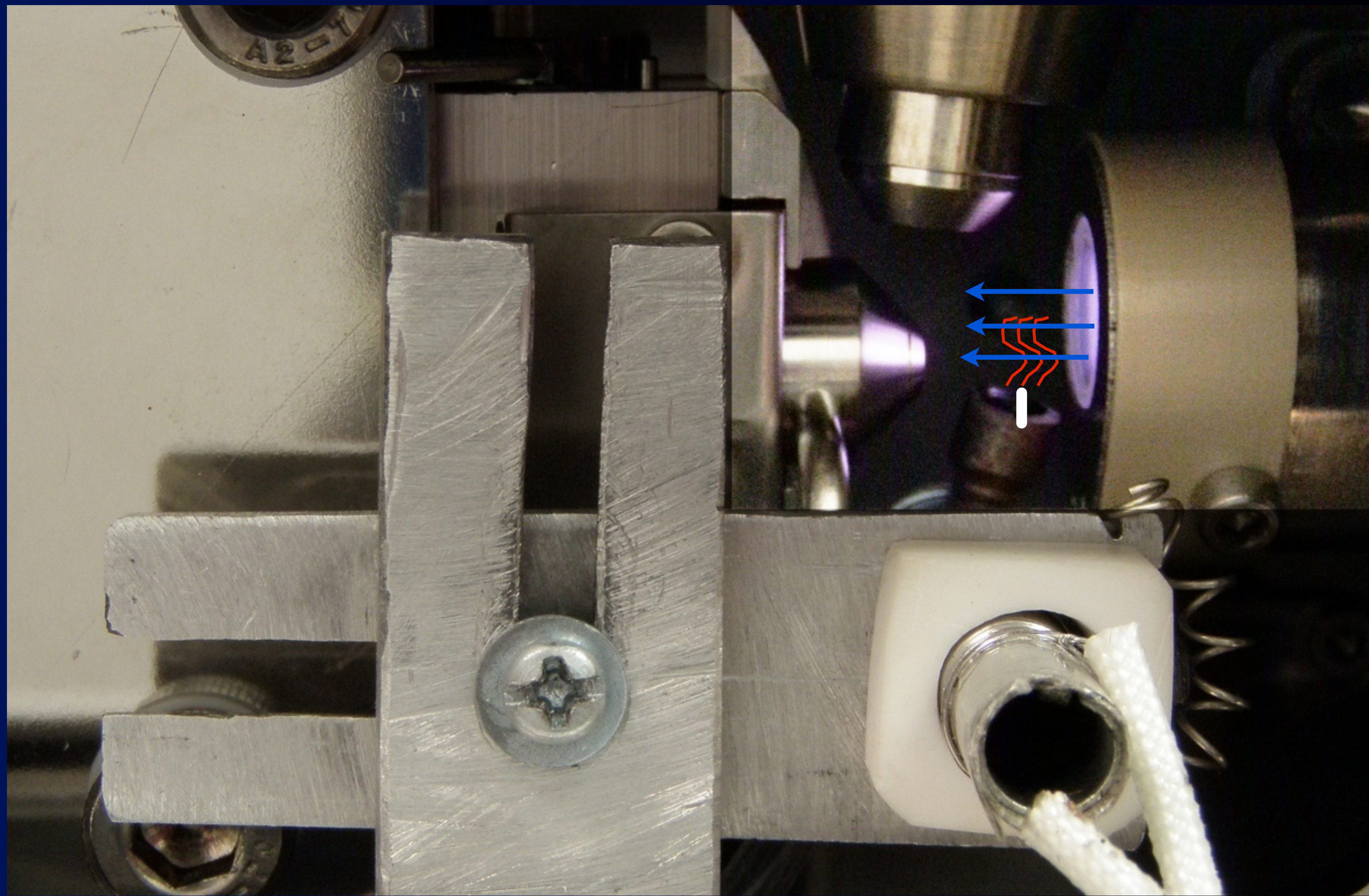




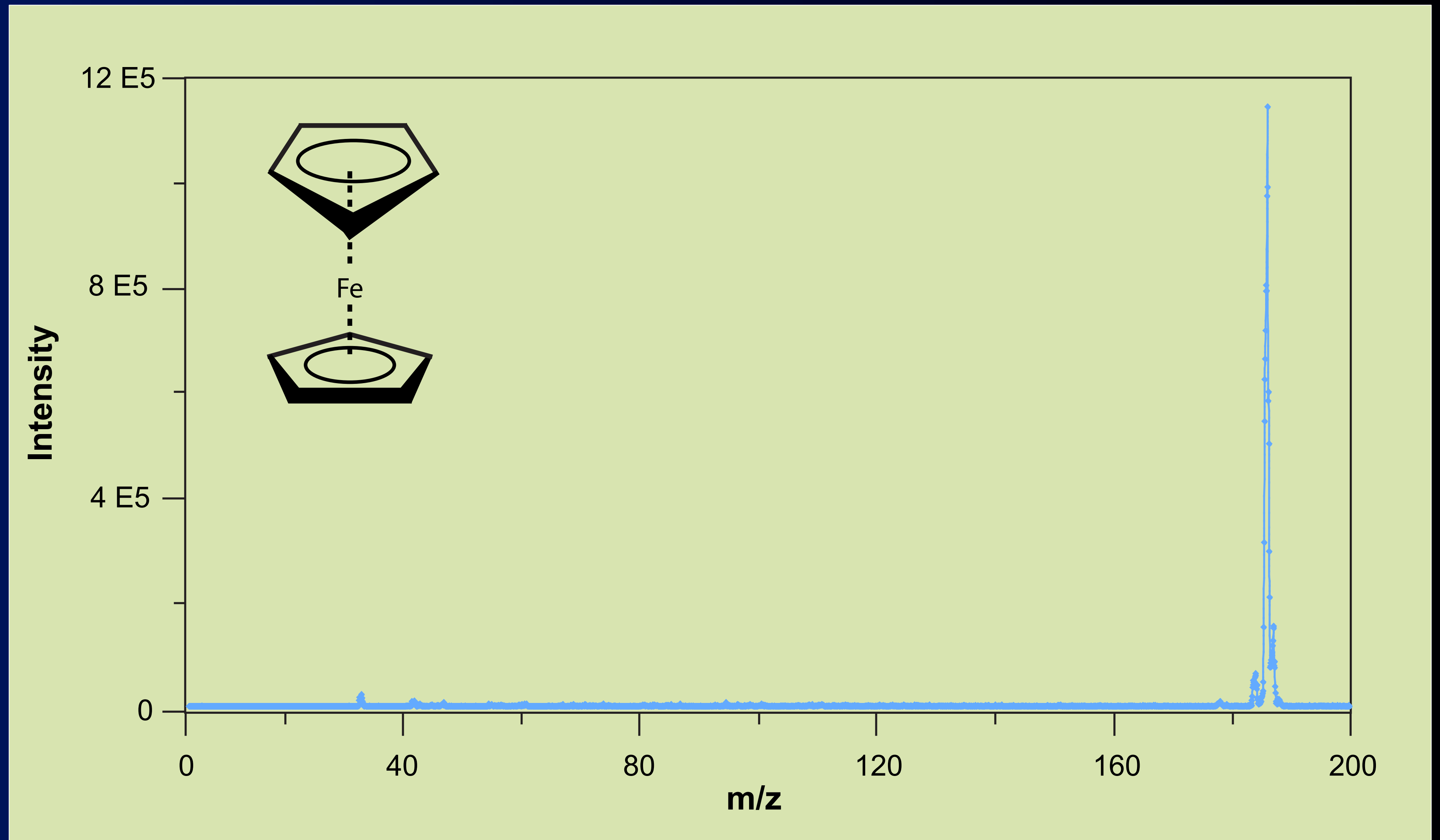




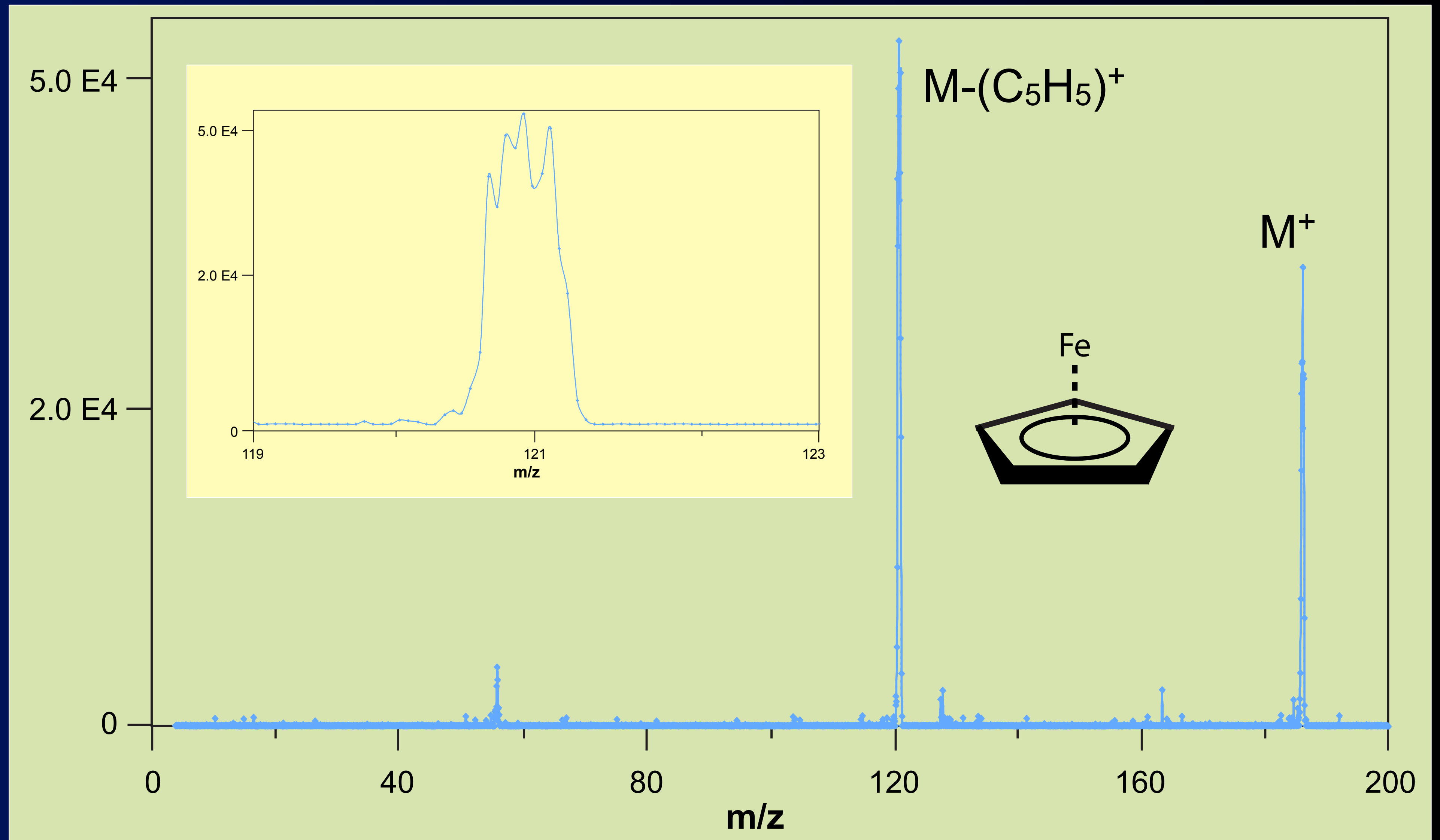




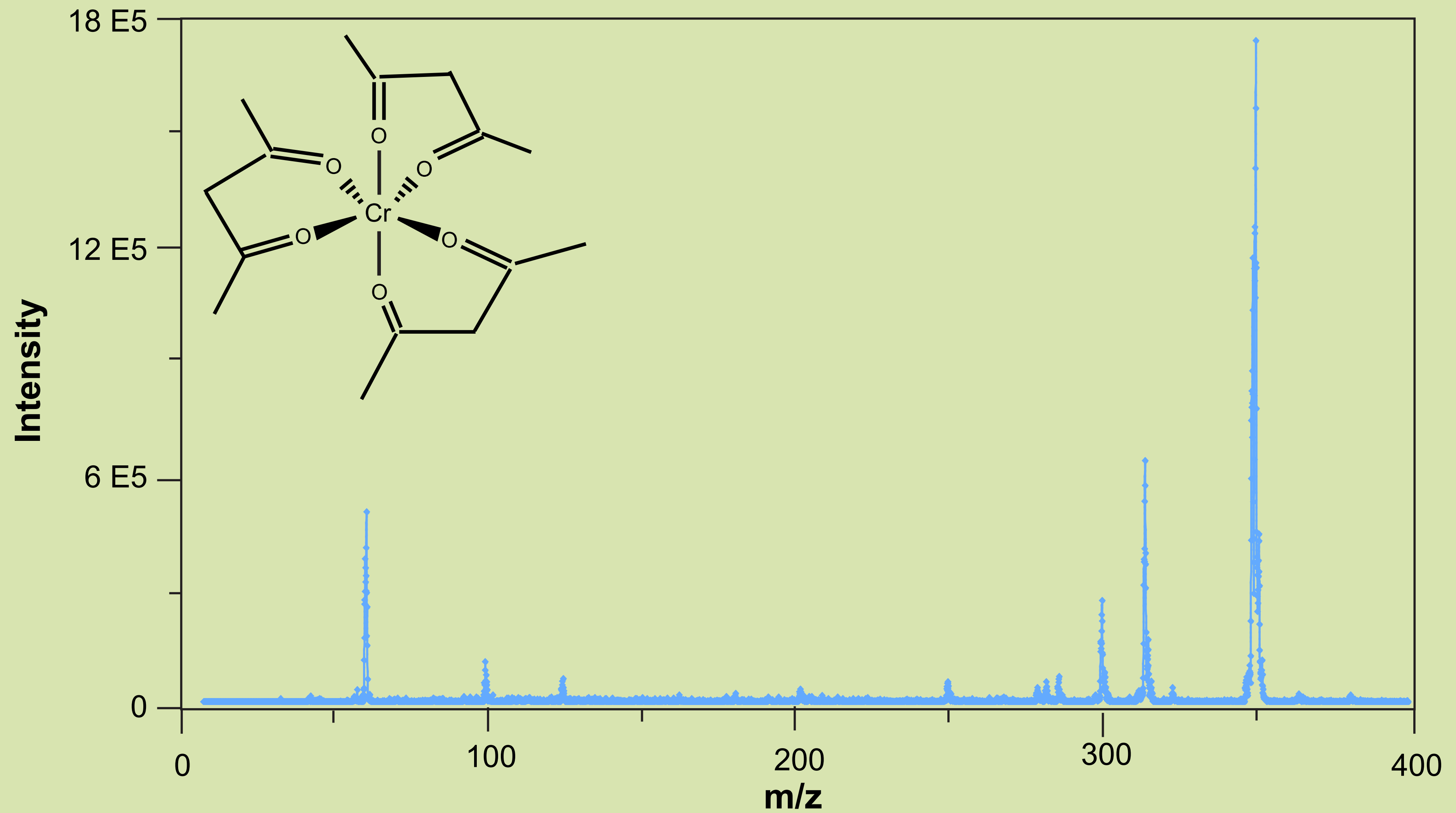
Ferrocene $\text{Fe}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$ 186.04 g/mol



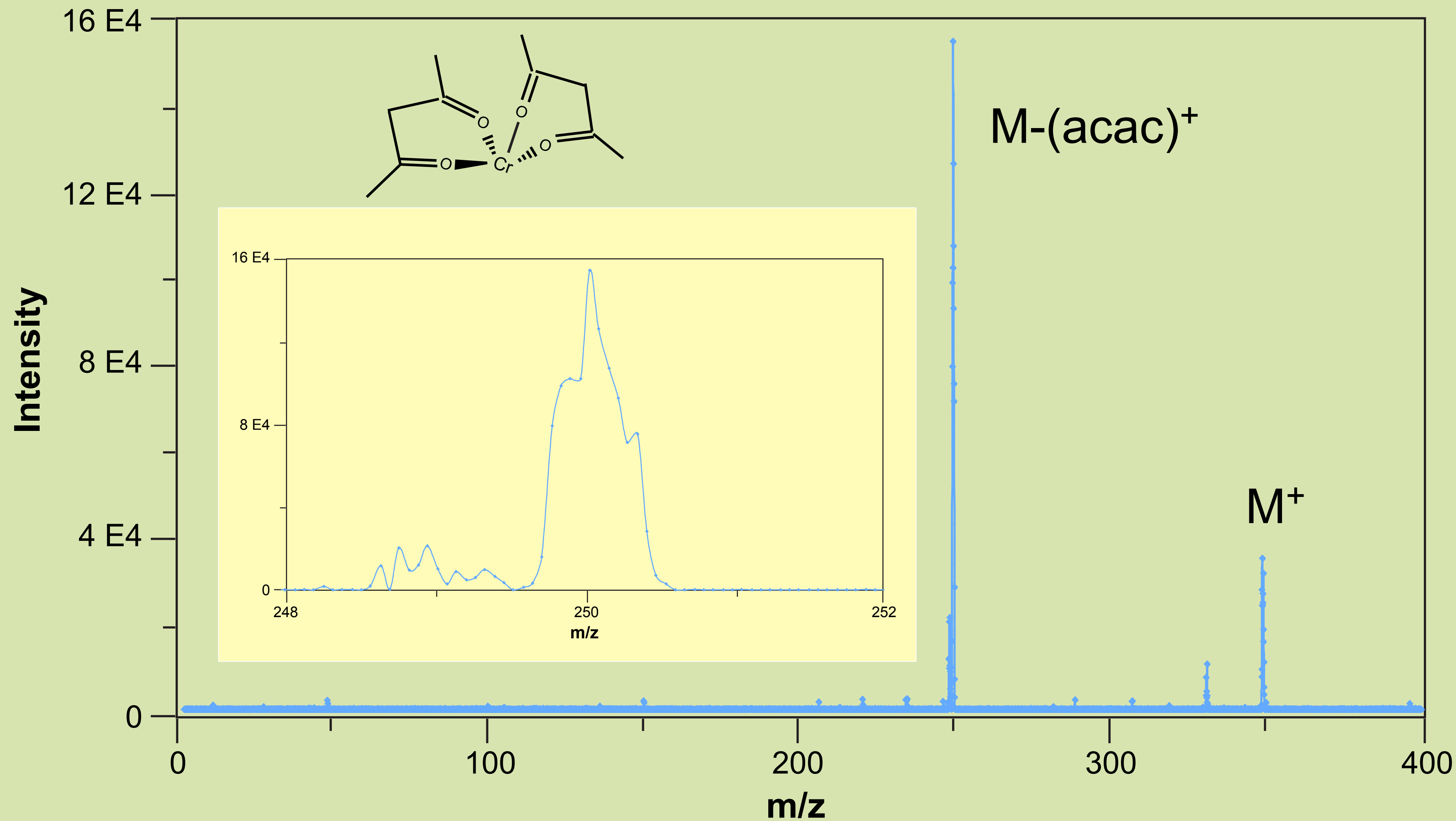
MS/MS of Ferrocene $\text{Fe}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$ 186.04 g/mol



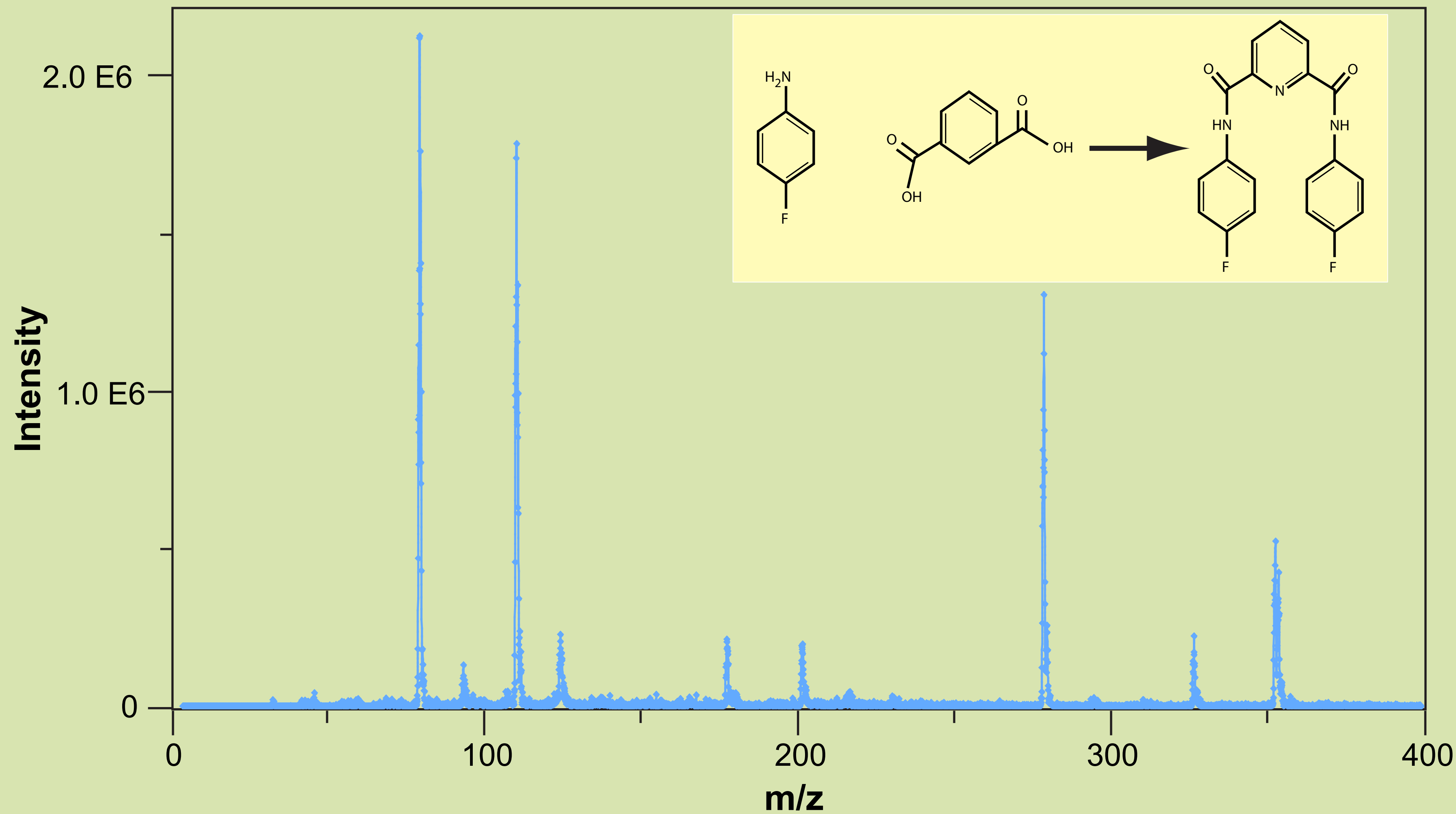
Cr(acac)₃ 349.3 g/mol



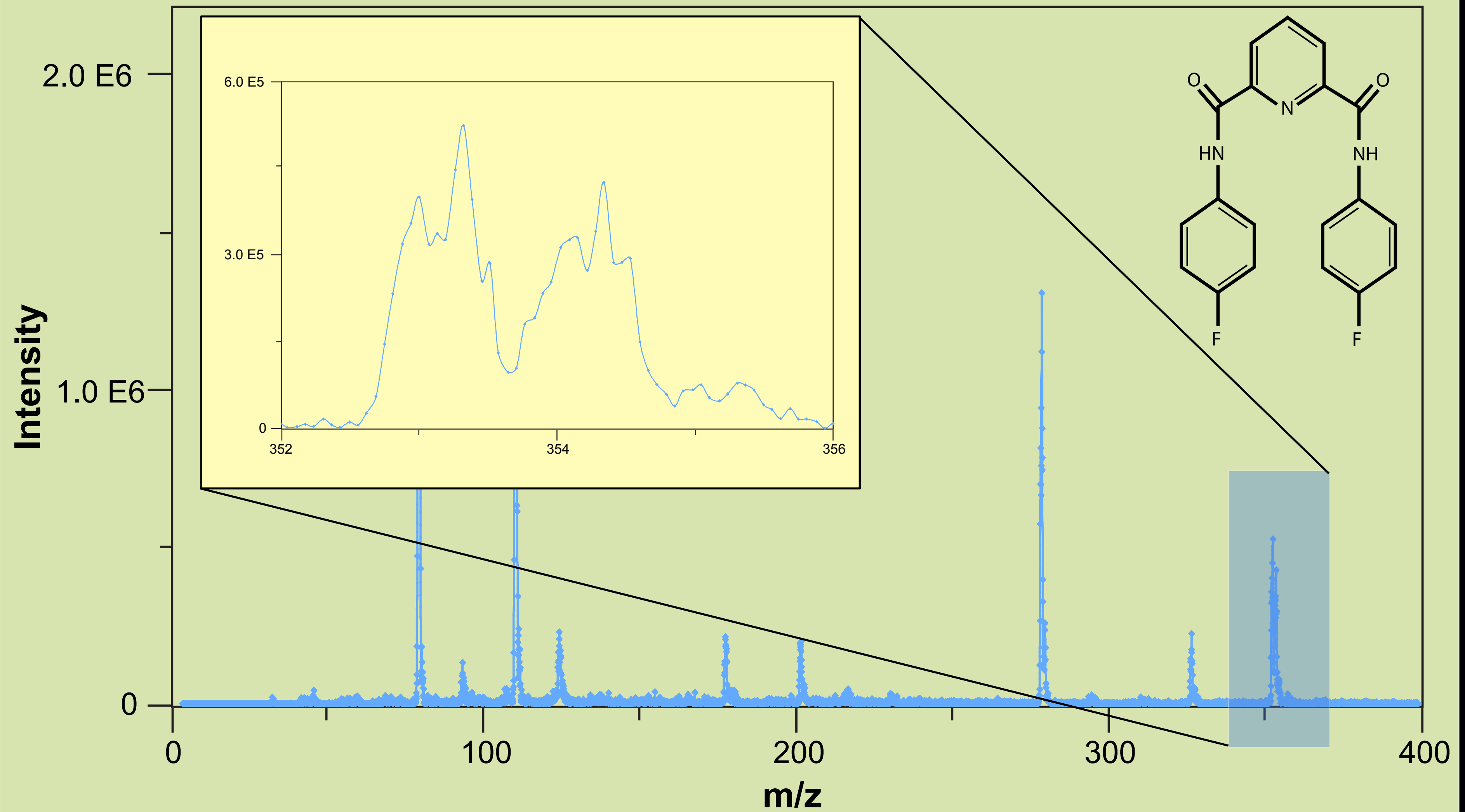
MS/MS of Cr(acac)₃ 349.3 g/mol



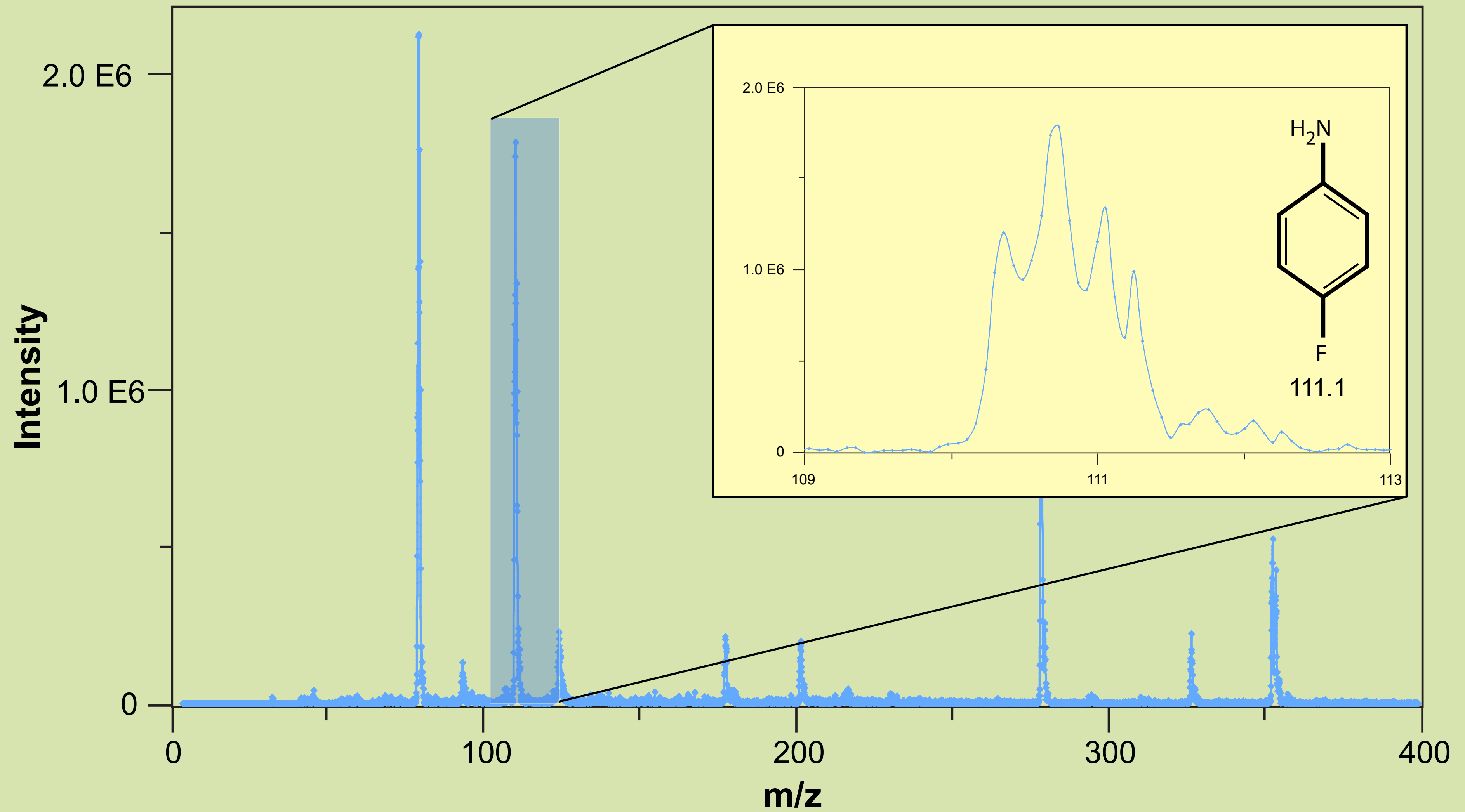
LG 113 353.22 C₁₉H₁₃F₂N₃O₂



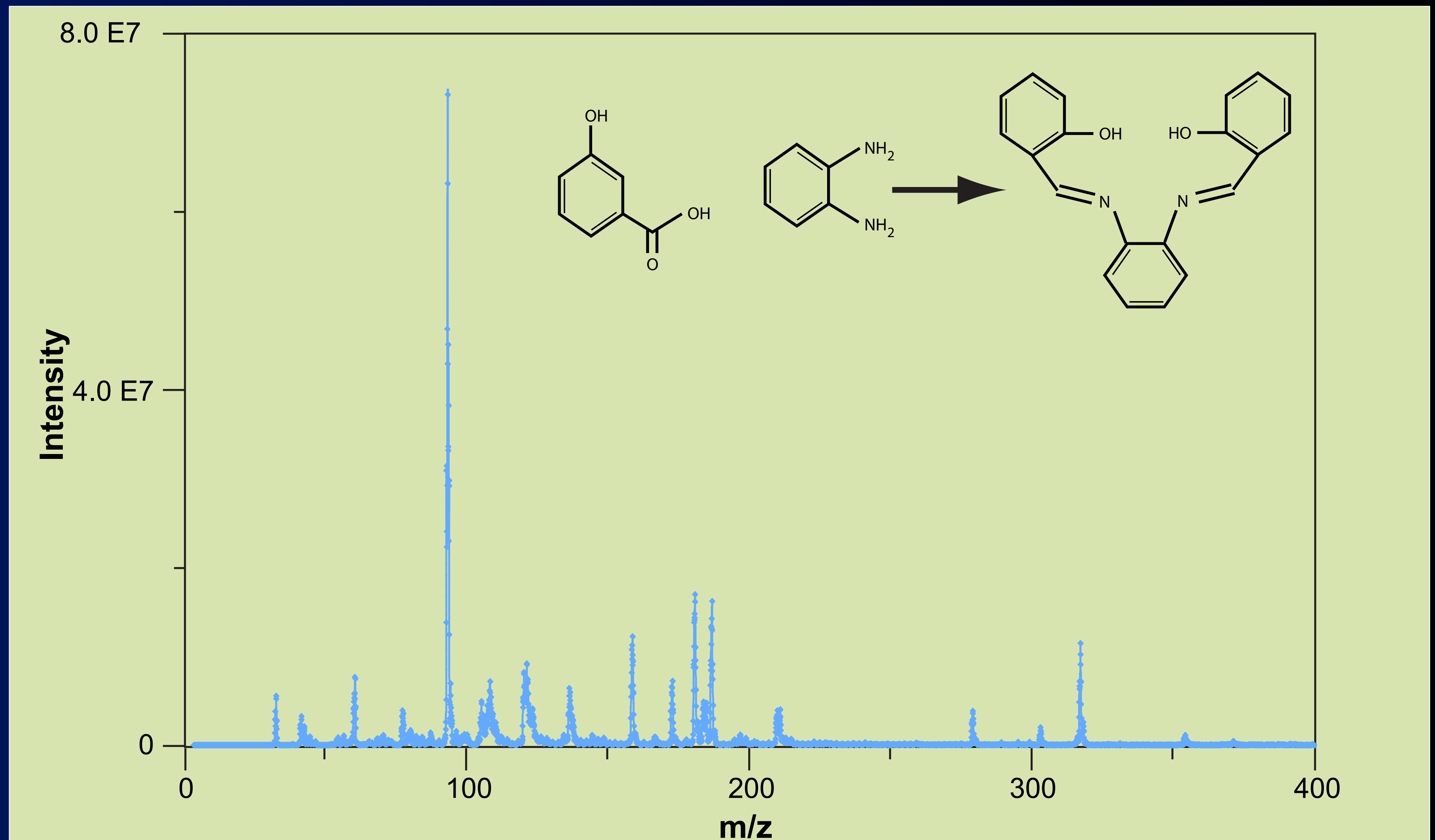
LG 113 353.22 C₁₉H₁₃F₂N₃O₂



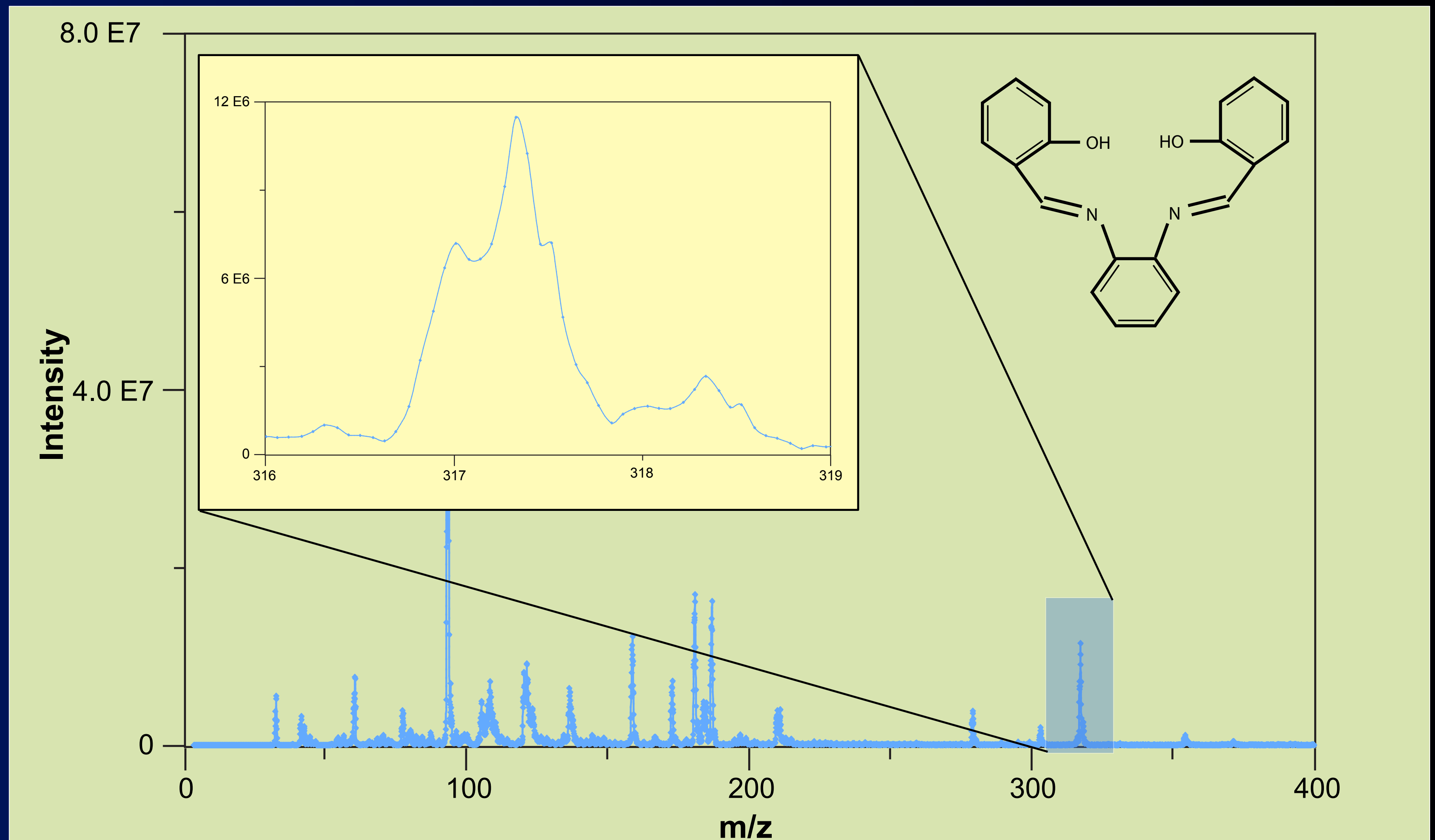
LG 113 353.22 C₁₉H₁₃F₂N₃O₂



LG 159 316.35 C₂₀H₁₆N₂O₂



LG 159 316.35 C₂₀H₁₆N₂O₂





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Conclusions

Rapid, analysis able to characterize synthetic compounds

Easy to use on existing APPI instruments

Inexpensive



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Future work

Control chaotic flows in source
Quantification

Air sensitive compounds



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Questions

Thank you

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